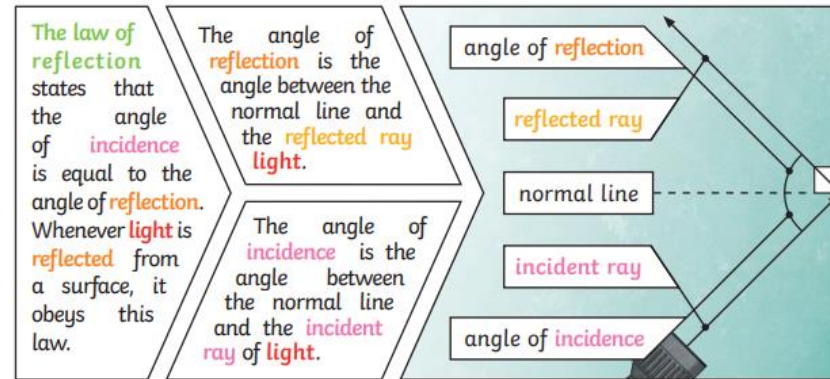


Light



We need light to be able to see things! Light waves travel out from sources of light in straight lines. These lines are often called **beams** or **rays**.

Key Vocabulary	
refraction	This is when light bends as it passes from one medium to another. E.g. Light bends when it moves from air into water.
visible spectrum	Light that is visible to the human eye. It is made up of a colour spectrum .
prism	A prism is a solid 3D shape with flat sides. The two ends are an equal shape and size. A transparent prism separates out visible light into all the colours of the spectrum .
shadow	An area of darkness where light has been blocked.
transparent	Describes objects that let light travel through them easily, meaning you can see through the object.
translucent	Describes objects that things let some light through, but scatters the light so we can't see through them properly.
opaque	Describes objects that do not let any light pass through them.



Why does this spoon appear to be bent?

This is because light bends when it moves from air to water! When light bends this way, it is called **refraction**.

Isaac Newton shone a **light** through a transparent **prism**, separating out **light** into the colours of the rainbow (red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo and violet) - the colours of the **spectrum**. All the colours together merge and make visible **light**.



A **shadow** is always the same shape as the object that casts it. This is because when an **opaque** object is in the path of **light** travelling from a **light source**, it will block the **light** rays that hit it, while the rest of the **light** can continue travelling.

