



Information Report and Policy on SEND for Dussindale Primary School 2018-19

Part of the Norfolk Local Offer for Learners with SEND

Introduction

Welcome to our SEND information report which is part of the Norfolk Local Offer for learners with Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) The local offer is where Norfolk sets out what is available for 0-25 year olds with SEND. For more information about the Norfolk Local offer please go to www.norfolk.gov.uk/children-and-families/send-local-offer.

All governing bodies of maintained schools and nursery's and the proprietors of academy schools have a legal duty to publish information on their website about the implementation of the governing body's policy for pupils with SEND. Our school website can be found at www.dussindaleprimary.co.uk The information published must be updated annually and be in line with the SEND Code of Practice. The required information is set out in the SEND regulations which can be found at www.gov.uk/dfes

This SEN Policy works alongside and in conjunction with the Norfolk, Partnership and school's local offers, and various other school policies, for example Accessibility, Attendance, Behaviour and the Pupil Premium Statement, and is embedded in the Teaching and Learning Framework of the school.

At Dussindale Primary we are committed to working together with all members of our school community. If you have a query or concern regarding SEN provision please contact:

- Headteacher-Louise Norgate
- SENCo-Sarah Dorling
- Inclusion Manager/Deputy Head -Sally Bailey
- SEND Governor-Kerry Giles

Our Approach to Teaching Learners with SEND

Dussindale Primary is an inclusive school. We are committed to ensuring that every pupil is given an equality of opportunity to develop socially, to learn and to be a part of the school community. Provision for children with special educational needs is the responsibility of the Governing Body, the Head teacher, the SENCO and all other members of staff.

All teachers are teachers of children with special educational needs. Teaching such children is therefore a whole school responsibility.

High quality teaching which is differentiated and personalised should be available for all pupils. At the heart of the work of every school class is a continuous cycle of planning, teaching and assessing which takes account of the wide range of abilities, aptitudes and interests of the children.

The school will work in close collaboration with parents in order to achieve successful outcomes for all children.

The school uses a 'graduated' response to identifying and planning for special educational needs.

How are SEN-D needs identified through the graduated response?

For some children SEN-D is identified at an early age, for example through parental concerns, a health professional or a pre-school setting. However, for other children and young people, difficulties become evident only as they develop.

At Dussindale Primary School we work closely with parents /carers and professionals supporting the child, prior to admission for children with existing SEN-D, to ensure a smooth transition, and to provide early support to overcome potential barriers to learning.

Following admission to school, children are identified as having SEN-D in a variety of ways, including the following:

- *The child may be performing below age expected levels despite appropriate interventions.*
- *Staff are trained to recognise signs of SEN-D, for example Autistic Spectrum Condition, ADHD, Dyslexia.*

- *Concerns may be raised by the teacher: for example, behaviour or self-esteem is affecting performance.*
- *Staff use in-house screening tools/assessments, for example for the identification of specific learning difficulties like Dyslexia.*

School staff will work closely with parents/carers to build a holistic picture of the child's needs, so that appropriate support can be put in place; this may involve referrals (with parental consent) to other health/education professionals.

STEP 1-Differentiated work

Some pupils experience delay in their learning and are not making expected progress for a variety of reasons. Some children may have been absent from school, have attended lots of different schools and not had a consistent opportunity to learn, may have English as an additional language or have a social or emotional need arising from a situation in their life which may impact on their development.

Pupils will have differentiated work prepared for them by their class teacher and a range of strategies will be tried in order to remove barriers to learning. Progress at this stage will be tracked three times per year by the schools tracking systems, as with all children.

STEP 2-Interventions

If the child does not make progress the next step will be to review the effectiveness of these strategies in conjunction with the Inclusion Manager. The review may lead to the conclusion that the pupil requires support that is additional to and different from the curriculum available for the majority of children of their age. Specific interventions/booster sessions will be arranged and monitored by the Inclusion Manager in collaboration with the class teacher. The outcomes of the interventions will help to establish whether or not there are special educational needs which are contributing to the delay, or whether there are other barriers to learning, in the following areas:

- Communication and Interaction (Speech and Language)
- Cognition and Learning (e.g. English and Maths)
- Social, Mental and Emotional Health

- Sensory and Physical

At Dussindale we focus on early identification. It is to be expected that there will be more intensive support in the earlier years, with higher numbers of interventions which should be reduced later on.

The greatest success is achieved where school and family work together during the period of intervention; by working together a more holistic picture of the child's needs is created to inform the next steps. If the short-term interventions fail to have significant impact on narrowing the gap for children falling behind we move to Step 3.

STEP 3-Identification of Special Educational Needs

"A child or young person has SEN *if they have a learning difficulty or disability that calls for special educational provision to be made for them.*

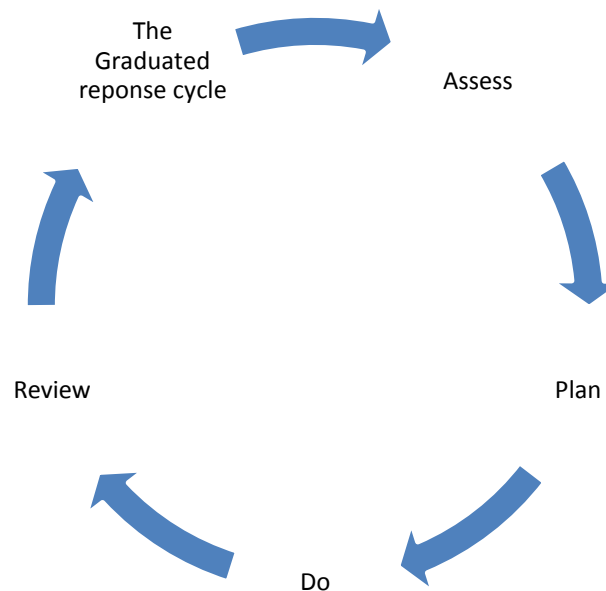
Children have a learning difficulty if they:

- a) Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of children of the same age;*
- b) Have a disability that prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for children of the same age in schools within the area of the local authority;*

The Equality Act 2010 places specific duties on schools, settings and providers, including the duty not to discriminate, harass or victimise a child or adult linked to a protected characteristic defined in the Equality Act and to make 'reasonable adjustments'.

How the school evaluates the effectiveness of its SEN-D Provision

Once a potential special educational need is identified; a four part cycle is used to put effective support in place:



1. Assess

Where barriers to learning persist, there needs to be a clear analysis and assessment of the child's needs which is regularly reviewed. When SEN support is put into place the teacher, the pupil, the parents and SENCO will be involved. Trained staff can administer specific in-house screening assessments; however, if appropriate, specialist services will be called upon to assess a child's needs. Parents/carers will be asked to sign an information sharing form to ensure effective communication between all of the professionals in order to achieve the best outcomes for the child.

2. Plan

A provision plan (outlining specific support) will be created and followed by all adults coming into active learning situations with the child.

Specialist Services and teachers with additional specialist qualifications may provide specific interventions or strategies to be followed.

3. Do

The class or subject teacher remains responsible for ensuring the child receives the appropriate provision. Where interventions involve group or one- to- one teaching away from the main class teacher, they still retain responsibility for the pupil. They work closely with any teaching assistants or specialist staff involved, to plan and assess the impact of support and interventions and how they can be linked to classroom teaching. As well as monitoring interventions, the SENCO supports the class teacher in the further assessment of the child's particular strengths and weaknesses, in problem solving and advising on the effective implementation of support.

4. Review

Where a pupil is receiving SEN support the school will contact parents and speak to pupils at least termly to set goals, discuss the activities and support that will help achieve them, review progress and identify the responsibilities of the parent, pupil and the school. Individual pupil progress at SEN Support Level will be intensively monitored by the class teacher and SENCO.

Formal Assessment/Education, Health and Care Plans

Should children still not be making appropriate progress at an acceptable level the formal assessment procedures for an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP) will be started by the SENCO in conjunction with the parents/carers and other specialist services, following the legal assessment procedures outlined in the Local Offer by Norfolk Local Authority. Details of these arrangements are available from the SENCO at the school.

The purpose of an EHC plan is to make special educational provision to meet the special educational needs of the child or young person, to secure the best possible outcomes for them across education, health and social care and, as they get older, prepare them for adulthood.

Current SEN-D Profile for 2017-2018

Total Number on Roll-374

Total Number of SEND 37 approx 10% of learners identified with SEND

8% of children on SEN-D register have EHCP's

HOW WILL THE SCHOOL PREPARE AND SUPPORT MY CHILD WHEN JOINING THE SCHOOL OR TRANSFERING TO A NEW SCHOOL?

- We encourage all new children to visit the school prior to starting, when they will be shown around the school. For children with SEN-D we would encourage further visits to assist with the acclimatisation to the new surroundings.
- Provision Plans will be written to support transition and the school will liaise with Early Years providers, previous schools and outside agencies to ensure these meet the child's needs.
- We write 'social stories', including photos of the new environment, for children if transition is potentially going to be difficult.
- At Thorpe St Andrew High School and Sixth Form, a programme specifically tailored to aid transition for those with SEND needs is in place. Both schools will liaise with parents about this support.
- We liaise closely with staff when receiving and transferring children to different schools, ensuring all relevant paperwork is passed on and all needs are discussed and understood.
- If your child has complex needs then an Education, Health and Care Plan review will be used as a transition meeting, to which we will invite staff from both schools to attend.

HOW ARE THE SCHOOL'S RESOURCES ALLOCATED AND MATCHED TO CHILDREN'S SEN NEEDS?

- We ensure that all children who have SEN-D have their needs met to the best of the school's ability with the funds available.
- We have a team of support staff who deliver programmes designed to meet groups of children's needs under the direction of the SENCo and Inclusion Manager.
- The budget is allocated on a needs basis which is reviewed regularly.
Additional support might consist of:
 - *Resources/specialist equipment to help overcome barriers to learning, for example:*
 - *A visual timetable to support children with daily routines*
 - *A workstation to help minimise distraction*
 - *Technology such as voice recorders to support children with short-term memory difficulties or ICT equipment provided through the Access through Technology service.*
 - *Additional support staff in the classroom, working with an individual or supporting children in a group;*
 - *Individual/group interventions in addition to class based work.*
 - *Current Interventions used within school include: Sound Discovery, Catch Up, Reading Boosters, Lexia, Precision Teaching of key concepts in Maths and English, Nurture Group, social skills/turn taking groups, weekly 'Time to Talk Sessions' using a Cognitive Behavioural Therapy approach and Lego Therapy.*

HOW ARE THE GOVERNORS INVOLVED AND WHAT ARE THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES?

- The SENCo meets with the Governor with responsibility for SEN at least termly. The SENCo writes a report to the Governors each term to inform them about the progress of children with SEN-D; this report does not refer to individual children and confidentiality is maintained at all times.
- One of the Governor's committees is responsible for SEN and meets regularly with the SENCo. They also report to the Governing Body to keep all informed.

- The Governors agree priorities for the SEN spending with the overall aim that all children receive the support they need in order to make progress.

HOW WILL I KNOW HOW MY CHILD IS DOING AND IF THE SUPPORT IS HAVING AN IMPACT? HOW WILL YOU HELP ME TO SUPPORT MY CHILD'S LEARNING?

We believe that your child's education should be a partnership between parents/carers and teachers, therefore we aim to keep communication channels open and communicate regularly, especially if your child has complex needs. You are welcome any time to make an appointment to meet with the class teacher to discuss your child's progress. We can offer advice and practical ways that you can help your child at home. The class teacher or SENCo will explain any additional provision to you, as we have found the greatest success is achieved where school and family work together during the period of intervention.

Our SENCo is Sarah Dorling. Her role is to support the identification of and monitor the provision for children with SEN/D to ensure successful outcomes. Where a pupil is receiving SEN-D support, we will contact parents/carers at least termly to set goals, discuss the activities and support that will help achieve them, review progress and identify the responsibilities of the parent, pupil and the school.

The SENCO and Family Support Worker also hold regular informal 'drop ins' for parents of children with SEND/social/emotional/mental health needs where any queries/concerns can be discussed.

If your child has an existing Education, Health and Care Plan a formal meeting will take place annually to discuss your child's progress.

HOW ARE PUPILS CONSULTED ABOUT THEIR VIEWS?

At Dussindale Primary School we value and celebrate each child being able to express their views on all aspects of school life. This is carried out through the School Council, which has an open forum for any issues or viewpoints to be raised, pupil questionnaires and class community times.

If your child has an EHCP their views will be sought before any review meetings. Children are also consulted about SEN support as part of our 'Assess, Plan, Do, Review' cycle.

WHAT SUPPORT WILL THERE BE FOR MY CHILD'S OVERALL WELL-BEING?

At Dussindale Primary School we are committed to ensuring that all learners have access to learning opportunities. We support those who are at risk of not making expected progress due to social, emotional or mental health needs.

This does not mean that all vulnerable learners have SEND. Only those with a learning difficulty that requires special educational provision or a disability will be identified as having SEND

Our Nurture Group, Shackleton Class works with small groups of children who need support with the social and emotional aspects of learning as well as teaching Literacy and Numeracy through individual and small group activities. It is run by our SENCO/ Qualified Nurture Teacher and children are assessed and their progress monitored using the Boxall Profile assessment materials.

We take the issue of bullying and mental health seriously and recognise that children with SEND needs may be vulnerable.

We seek advice from outside agencies such as CAMHS, and the Educational Psychology service to ensure we are meeting all children's social and emotional needs.

We run a 'Bricks Club' using the Lego therapy approach to encourage social communication, collaboration and language skills.

Our Family Support Worker often works alongside families who are concerned about their child's social/emotional/mental health needs and they are signposted to the appropriate agencies.

The SENCO and Family Support Worker hold regular informal 'drop ins' for parents of children with SEND/social/emotional/mental health needs.

In our school our Inclusion Team consists of:

Inclusion Manager-Sally Bailey

SENCO and Shackleton Nurture Group Teacher -Sarah Dorling

Family Support Worker-Leonora Roberts.

Inclusion HLTA-Joan Mason

The Inclusion Team meet regularly to discuss the support, progress and next steps for children.

WHAT IF MY CHILD HAS A MEDICAL CONDITION?

The school works closely with the child, parents/carers and health professionals to ensure that all children with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, are properly supported so that they can play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy and achieve their academic potential. This may require a healthcare plan.

See the school's Administration of Medicines Policy for further information

The Equality Act 2010 definition of disability is:

"A person has a disability for the purpose of this Act if (s)he has a physical or mental impairment which has substantial and long- term adverse effect on his/her ability to carry out normal day-to day activities"

Section 1 (1) Disability Discrimination Act 1995

This definition of disability in the Equality Act includes children with long-term health conditions such as diabetes, epilepsy and cancer. Children with such conditions do not necessarily have SEN, but there is a significant overlap between disabled children and those with SEN. Children may, therefore, be covered by both SEN and disability legislation.

Schools are required by law to make arrangements for supporting pupils at their school with medical conditions. This duty is detailed in Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014 and statutory guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical conditions: www.gov.uk/government/publications/supporting-pupils-at-school-with-medical-conditions

This guidance states that:

- Pupils at school with medical conditions should be properly supported so that they have full access to education, including school trips and physical education.

- Governing bodies must ensure that arrangements are in place in schools to support pupils with medical conditions.
- Governing bodies should ensure that school leaders consult health and social care professionals, pupils and parents/carers to ensure that the needs of children with medical conditions are effectively supported.

WHAT SUPPORT IS THERE FOR BEHAVIOUR, AVOIDING EXCLUSION AND INCREASING ATTENDANCE?

At Dussindale Primary School, the concept of community is integral to our curriculum and the way we teach and learn together. We believe that positive behaviour derives best from an ethical, values-based approach to teaching and learning which requires children to collaborate as a learning community, to consider ways of resolving conflict and to think about moral issues across the curriculum.

Attendance of every child is monitored on a daily basis. Lateness and absence are recorded and reported upon. Good attendance is actively encouraged throughout the school, and again we work with parents to try to resolve issues if they should arise.

Further information can be found in our school's Behaviour and Discipline policy and Attendance policy.

HOW WILL MY CHILD BE INCLUDED IN ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE THE CLASSROOM, INCLUDING SCHOOL TRIPS?

All children are included in all parts of the school curriculum and we aim for all children to be included on school trips. We will provide the necessary support to ensure that this is successful. A risk assessment is carried out prior to any off-site activity to ensure everyone's health and safety will not be compromised. In the unlikely event that it is considered unsafe for a child to take part in an activity, then alternative activities which will cover the same curriculum areas will be provided in school.

WHAT TRAINING HAVE THE STAFF SUPPORTING CHILDREN WITH SEN-D HAD OR ARE CURRENTLY HAVING?

Our SENCo has completed the National Award for SEN Coordination, as has our Inclusion Manager (Sally Bailey).

Our SENCo has the 'Theory and Practice of Nurture Groups' accredited qualification.

Staff continuously reflect on and assess training needs to ensure we can meet the needs of our growing and changing school population. This is a key part of our School Development Plan.

Within the Yare Education Trust, we share expertise across the schools; we have staff with the following qualifications:

Level 7 OCR (to identify specific learning difficulties)

Level 5 OCR (specialist teaching of specific learning difficulties)

Level 3 OCR (specialist knowledge of specific learning difficulties)

In addition teaching and support staff at Dussindale have benefited from training in developing inclusive strategies, for example in the following areas:

- Dyslexia
- Dyscalculia
- Autistic Spectrum Condition
- Visual Stress (e.g. Meres Irlen)
- Sensory Processing difficulties
- ADHD
- Speech, Language and Communication
- Meeting children's social and emotional needs, Neurodiversity, Secure Base and Restorative approaches training.
- Working Memory Difficulties
- Recognising and Supporting Mental Health Needs
- Cognitive Behavioural Therapy
- Norfolk Steps Training

WHAT SPECIALIST SERVICES AND EXPERTISE ARE AVAILABLE AT OR ACCESSED BY THE SCHOOL?

- SENCo's across the Thorpe Educational Partnership meet regularly to share expertise.
- We work closely with any external agencies that we feel are relevant to individual children's needs within our school including:

- **Learning**, including meetings with the School Support Team and Educational Psychologists, Access through Technology and Sensory Support.
- **Health**, including GP's, school nurse, clinical psychologist, paediatricians, speech and language therapists, occupational therapists, Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services.
- **Social Care**, including family support workers, social workers; Point 1 service and the Early Help team.
Other local specialists and charities, for example Autism Anglia, Scope and Starfish.

HOW ACCESSIBLE IS THE SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT?

The school was built in 2007 to conform to accessibility requirements. See the school's Single Equalities Scheme and Accessibility Plan for further information.

WHO CAN I CONTACT FOR FURTHER INFORMATION?

- The first point of contact is your child's class teacher.
- The Inclusion Manager Sally Bailey or SENCo Sarah Dorling can provide additional information about specific SEND and signpost you to the additional support that other agencies can provide.
- Look at our SEND policy and links on our website.
- Contact Parent Partnership- www.norfolkparentpartnership.org.uk

This policy was agreed by Governors

Signed -----

Date 30th May 2018

Review Date: Summer Term 2019

